FILE

BRUCE W. NICKERSON, C.B.N. 90760 231 Manor Drive San Carlos, CA 94070 Tel: (650) 594-0195

Attorney for the Plaintiff Class

130CT 11 PM 2: 40

ERK US DISTRICT COURT
ENTRAL DISTRICT CALIF.
LUS ANGELES

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR

THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CHARLES SAMUEL COUCH,

Plaintiff,

vs.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH, CHIEF EVE)
IRVINE, DETECTIVE JOHN NASORI #298, Det.)
MICHAEL ALLARD #317, DET. ROSSENBERGER)
#241, DET. SHAWN THOMPSON #321, SGT. B.)
BROWN #272, DET. MCSHANE and DOEs 1)
through 10, inclusive)

Defendants.

CV1 300.75546AF-AGR

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES
FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL
RIGHTS AND PUNITIVE
DAMAGES

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

INTRODUCTION

1. This is a civil rights action for declaratory and injunctive relief and damages brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sections 1983, 1985 and 1988, 18 U.S.C. 1961 et seq., the First, Fourth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution. The Complaint seeks redress from one or more of the Defendants due to their: (i) practice of arbitrarily, unlawfully and maliciously harassing, targeting for arrest and/or arresting Plaintiff without probable cause; (ii) arbitrary and unlawful

discrimination on the basis of race and perceived sexual orientation; and (iii) practice of arbitrarily, unlawfully and maliciously violating Plaintiff's right to equal protection under the law.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. This Court has jurisdiction of this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 1343. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, venue is proper in this Court because the acts and/or omissions complained of occurred in the Central District of California and the acts described took place within the Central District of California.
- 3. The amount in controversy herein, excluding interest and costs, exceeds the minimum jurisdictional limit of this Court.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff CHARLES SAMUEL COUCH was at all relevant times a resident of the City of Hawthorne, County of Los Angeles, California.
- 5. Defendant City of MANHATTAN BEACH is a municipal corporation located in the County of Los Angeles and is established by the laws and constitution of the State of California, and owns, operates, manages, directs, and controls the MANHATTAN BEACH Police Department (hereinafter "MBPD") which employs other Defendants in this action.

7. Defendant CHIEF EVE IRVINE, is Chief of the MANHATTAN
BEACH POLICE Department and is sued in her individual and official capacity.

- 8. Chief IRVINE is responsible for establishing, ratifying and enforcing the policies, practices and customs of the MBPD and providing training, supervision, instruction, oversight, and discipline concerning the policies, practices, customs, and activities of the entire MANHATTAN BEACH Police Department.

 Defendant IRVINE acted at all relevant times within the course and scope of her employment as Police Chief.
- 9. Defendant MBPD Officers JOHN NASORI #298, Det. MICHAEL ALLARD #317, DET. ROSSENBERGER #241, DET. SHAWN THOMPSON #321, SGT. B. BROWN #272, and DET. MCSHANE are all members of the MBPD, and all are sued in both their individual capacities and in their official capacities if they had any policy making duties, functions, or responsibilities with respect to the matters alleged herein.
- 10. Plaintiff is unaware of the true names and capacities of the defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through DOE 10, and therefore sues such defendants by fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this complaint when their true names are ascertained. Plaintiff is further informed and believe and thereupon allege that DOEs 1 through DOE 10, and each of them,

are in some manner liable to Plaintiff for the damages alleged herein.

R

- 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants sued herein was negligently, wrongfully or otherwise responsible in some manner for the events and happenings as hereinafter described, and proximately caused injuries and damages to Plaintiff.
- 12. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants was at all relevant times an agent, servant, employee, partner, joint venturer, co-conspirator, and/or alter ego of the remaining Defendants, and in doing the things herein alleged, was acting within the course and scope of that relationship. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants herein gave consent, aid, and assistance to each of the remaining Defendants, and ratified and/or authorized the acts or omissions of each Defendant as alleged herein, except as may be hereinafter otherwise specifically alleged.
- 13. At all relevant times, each Defendant was jointly engaged in tortious activity, resulting in the deprivation of Plaintiff's constitutional rights and other harm. At all relevant times, each Defendant acted under color of the laws, statutes, ordinances, policies, practices, customs, and usages of the State of California, the City of MANHATTAN BEACH, and the MBPD.

4

Allegations Pertaining to Plaintiff CHARLES SAMUEL COUCH

- 14. Pursuant to the custom, practice or policy set forth above, Plaintiff COUCH was subjected to a course of conduct as described below.
- 15. On March 9, 2012, Plaintiff COUCH was employed by Cambrian Homecare of Long Beach providing respite care to a child with Prader-Willi Syndrome which is a genetic disorder characterized by mental retardation, hypogonadism, and incomplete sexual development. A characteristic of persons with this syndrome is that they easily become fixated on irrelevant matters and forget their original purpose. This particular child, referred to by his initials as "D.K.", frequently spent an abnormally long time using the restroom.
- 16. During the supervised exercise walk the child expressed the need to use a rest room. The two headed for a beach restroom near Marine Avenue and the Strand. Unbeknownst to them a "sting" operation was in full force targeting males who were (or appeared to be) gay because that particular restroom had a reputation as a place where men seeking intimate contact with other men met.
- 17. Plaintiff COUCH entered ahead of the child for safety reasons. The child entered the stall furthest from the entrance and closed the door. Neither the child nor Plaintiff knew that a hole had been cut between that stall and the middle stall. Plaintiff used the urinal, washed his hands, then went to a bench

in the changing area of the restroom and sat down waiting for the child to finish.

- 18. DEFENDANT DETECTIVE JOHN NASORI entered and said "hello". Plaintiff replied "hello". NASORI entered the middle stall. A few minutes later the child bolted from the stall, rushed up to Plaintiff and whispered, "There is a man looking at me in the stall!" Horrified, Plaintiff said: "Lets get out of here."
- 19. NASORI followed them and said: "Why are you leaving so quickly?" Plaintiff said to the child: "Ignore him. Just keep walking."
- 20. Suddenly he encountered Det. MICHAEL ALLARD #317, DET. ROSSENBERGER #241, DET. SHAWN THOMPSON #321, SGT. B. BROWN #272, and DET. MCSHANE all in plainclothes and resembling thugs.
- 21. Plaintiff reasonably thought that they wanted to kidnap the child. Accordingly he grabbed the child to prevent that possibility.
- 22. He was tackled, choked, and handcuffed. He didn't realize that they actually were police until he was taken to jail.
- 23. He was interrogated for several hours. He was accused of being sexually interested in other men, and asked if he would take his own little brother to a party to get "laid."

24. The police eventually called the parents of the child who vouched for Plaintiff and explained to the police the manifestations of Prader-Willi syndrome.

- 25. Plaintiff was eventually released and given a detention certificate. This certificate states that Plaintiff was detained and not arrested. The reason given was: "Insufficient evidence for making a criminal complaint against the person arrested.
- 26. During Plaintiff's interrogation, the police received his permission to retrieve the minor child's backpack from Plaintiff's car. Once inside the car the police proceeded to ransack it completely without a warrant and without permission, leaving the contents of the glove box strewn about the car seats.
- 27. Finally they uncovered Plaintiff's backpack containing his personal computer. One month and a day later, on April 10, 2012 after authorizing the issuance of the detention certificate which stated that there was insufficient evidence of lewd conduct or child endangerment, Officer Nasori swore under oath that the laptop "was used as the means of committing a felony", is possessed by a person with the intent to use it as a means of committing a public offense..." and "tends to show that a felony has been committed or that a particular person has committed a felony.
- 28. This is prima facie evidence of perjury and warrants punitive damages against Detective Nasori.

29. The laptop was given to Detective Williams of the Beverly Hills police who found nothing relating to "glory holes" or child pornography. It was finally returned months later.

R

- 30. Meanwhile Plaintiff was forced to withdraw from all his classes at El Camino Junior College because his entire school work was on that computer.
- 31. Approximately a month later Plaintiff was shocked and horrified to discover that his photo was displayed on the Daily Breeze Website, a local newspaper, with other persons arrested in the sting operation. The caption indicated "18 arrested in sex sting."
- 32. This photo and caption were given to the media who have published it nationwide. Placing Plaintiff's photo on the police website after giving him a detention certificate stating no probable cause to make an arrest is maliciousness per se and further warrants imposition of punitive damages against whomever authorized placing Plaintiff's photo on the police website.
- 33. Eleven months went by. Suddenly Plaintiff received a notice by mail from Defendant Chief Irvine informing him that there was an "outstanding warrant for his arrest" for two counts of violating Penal Code section 148(a)(1) resisting, obstructing, or delaying a peace officer.
- 34. On August 16, 2013 all criminal charges were dismissed against Plaintiff by the Superior Court of Los Angeles County.

MONEL FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

35. The City of MANHATTAN BEACH and Chief EVE IRVINE have established, maintained, encouraged, allowed and/or ratified a custom, practice or policy of: (i) targeting areas believed to be frequented by men who are perceived to be interested in meeting, in public, men interested in non-monetary intimate association with other men, for the purpose of harassing these men and interfering with their rights of speech, privacy, expression, association and equal protection; (ii) having police officers approach men, undercover, who are perceived to be interested in meeting, in public, men interested in non-monetary intimate association with other men, for the purpose of discussing, suggesting, or implying a willingness to engage in sexual or other intimate activity; (iii) falsely arresting men who are perceived to be interested in meeting, in public, men interested in nonmonetary intimate association with other men, without warrants and with probable cause and accusing them of engaging in criminal activity even though no criminal activity was engaged in; (iv) treating individuals differently based on their race and perceived sexual orientation; (v) publicizing these arrests in violation of these individuals' rights to privacy in an attempt to deny them and other men their constitutionally protected rights of freedom of speech, expression, association and privacy; and (iv) failing

27

1

2

3

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

to adequately train, supervise, instruct, monitor, and discipline MANHATTAN BEACH Police Officers.

- 36. These defendants have established, maintained, encouraged, allowed, and/or ratified the above custom, practice or policy with the tacit understanding that it would promote the unconstitutional and illegal goal of reducing the number of men who are interested in meeting, in public, men interested in non-monetary intimate association with other men from meeting one another in public places in MANHATTAN BEACH particularly the public parks and beaches.
- 37. Plaintiff further alleges that the MBPD never arrest men by women decoy officers for non-monetary sexual solicitations or for loitering nor do they arrest women by male decoy officers for non-monetary sexual solicitations.
- 38. As such, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants violated the Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment in that they arrested him discriminatorily.
- 39. Plaintiff now brings the instant complaint and demands a jury trial.
- 40. As a direct, proximate result of Plaintiff's false and discriminatory arrest AND Defendant's Monel claim, as alleged above, Plaintiff COUCH has become mentally upset, distressed and aggravated and suffered great humiliation, embarrassment, and mental anguish.

41. The publicity generated by this false and discriminatory arrest have seriously curtailed Plaintiff's future earnings by preventing him from applying to special colleges.

- 42. This adverse publicity will seriously curtail

 Plaintiff's future earnings in that an entire industry, the

 defense industry, will be precluded from Plaintiff's employment

 plans.
- 43. Plaintiff thereupon claims general damages for such mental distress, aggravation, loss of present opportunities, and loss of future earnings in an amount of five million dollars (\$5,000,000.00).

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION, FALSE ARREST

42.U.S.C.1983

4th, 14th Amendment

- 44. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 43, above, including the damage allegations.
- 45. One or more of the Defendants have violated Plaintiff's right to be free of unreasonable search and seizure under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 46. One or more of the Defendants have unjustifiably deprived Plaintiff of his liberty by unlawfully and maliciously arresting

him without probable cause in violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

ı

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION, DISCRIMINATORY ARREST

42.U.<u>S.</u>C.1983

14th Amendment

47. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 43, above, including the damage allegations.

48. One or more of the Defendants have violated Plaintiff's right to equal protection of the laws under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution in that Defendants, and each of them, only targeted men who were perceived to be interested in meeting, in public, men who are interested in non-monetary, intimate association with other men and ignored men who are interested in meeting, in public, women who are interested in non-monetary intimate association as held in Baluyut V. Superior Court, (1996) 12 Cal. 4th 826.

49. One or more of the Defendants violated Plaintiff's right

to equal protection of the laws under the Fourteenth Amendment to

them, arrested Plaintiff because he, a while man, was escorting a

black child into a restroom with a reputation as a place where men

the United States Constitution in that Defendants, and each of

meet other men for intimate purposes.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION, MONELL CLAIM

42.U.S.C.1983

Policy and Custom

- 50. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 43, above including damages.
- 51. The City of MANHATTAN BEACH and Chief EVE IRVINE have, under color of law, violated Plaintiff's rights, privileges and immunities secured by the United States Constitution in violation of Section 1983 of Title 42 of the United States Code.
- 52. The above described customs, practices and policies demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the Defendants, and each of them, to the constitutional rights of persons within the City of MANHATTAN BEACH, and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
- 53. During all relevant times, one or more of the Defendants, and particularly Defendant Chief IRVINE established, maintained, encouraged, allowed and/or ratified a custom, practice or policy of providing inadequate training, supervision, instruction, oversight, and discipline to MANHATTAN BEACH police officers, including those mentioned above, thereby failing to adequately discourage constitutional violations and tacitly agreeing to violate Plaintiff's constitutional rights.

54. The above described customs, practices and policies demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of Defendants, and each of them, and particularly Defendant Chief IRVINE, to the constitutional rights of persons within the City of MANHATTAN BEACH, and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.

- 55. Plaintiff was unlawfully seized, arrested/detained by Defendants without warrant or order or commitment or any other legal authority of any kind as Plaintiff had not committed any crime or public offence.
- 56. The conduct as alleged above is ongoing, creating the likelihood of future injuries to Plaintiff.
- 57. Since Plaintiff is entitled to visit public areas where Defendant decoy officers engage in the activities described above, he faces imminent danger of further arrest and harassment as alleged above.
- 58. As a proximate result of the acts of Defendants, and each of them, as herein alleged, Plaintiff was compelled to expend money all to his damage in an amount according to proof.
- 59. As a proximate result of the acts of Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff has suffered damage to his reputation and shame, humiliation and embarrassment in the community, and his present schooling and future employment has been seriously damaged.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION, CONSPIRACY

42.U.S.C.1985(2)

4th Amendment and 14th Amendment

- 60. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 43, above including the damage allegations.
- 61. Defendants, and two or more of them, in the State of California, City of MANHATTAN BEACH, by reason of Defendants' animus against Plaintiffs, and invidious animus of same, conspired together to act and to fail and omit to act as hereinbefore alleged, for the purpose of (i) impeding, hindering, obstructing, and defeating the due course of justice in MANHATTAN BEACH (ii) to deny equal protection of the laws to Plaintiff, and to (iii) subject Plaintiff's person and property to unlawfully search, seizure, and criminal prosecution.
- 62. Defendants, and each of them, purposefully, under color of law, planned and conspired to deny Plaintiff equal protection of the law in the following respect:
 - (a) to deny his right to be free from unreasonable search and seizure;
 - (b) to deny his right of freedom of speech, expression, and association;
 - (c) to deny his right not to be deprived of life, property or liberty without due process of law;

(d) to deny his the right of privacy;

63. By virtue of the foregoing, Defendants, and each of them, violated 42 U.S.C. § 1985 (2).

64. As a direct and proximate result of the foregoing, the Plaintiff Class has been damaged as recited above and is entitled to the damages recited below.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

PUNITIVE DAMAGES AGAINST DETECTIVE JOHN NASORI

- 65. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 43, above including the damage allegations.
- 66. Detective NASORI falsely and maliciously wrote on his police report that after bolting from the toilet stall, the child whispered to Plaintiff: "He is not doing...".
- 67. The innuendo is that the child was expecting (Nasori) to "do something sexual."
- 68. The idea that the child, afflicted with Prader-Willi syndrome would be taken into the restroom for sexual purpose by Plaintiff, his hired caretaker and Eagle Scout is maliciousness per se,
- 69. Defendant Detective NASORI further falsely and maliciously wrote on his police report that Plaintiff, who reasonably thought the assembled thuggish Defendant officers, were trying to kidnap the child, was using the child as a shield to

protect himself from the officers, specifically Det. MICHAEL ALLARD #317, DET. ROSSENBERGER #241, DET. SHAWN THOMPSON #321, SGT. B. BROWN #272, and DET. MCSHANE.

- 70. Defendant DETECTIVE NASORI and others authorized the placement of Plaintiff's photo on the Manhattan Beach police website indicating an arrest for lewd conduct after authorizing the issuance of a Certificate of Detention which stated that there was insufficient evidence for an arrest for either lewd conduct or child endangerment.
 - 71. Again this is maliciousness per se.
- 72. Finally after issuance of said Certificate of Detention,
 DETECTIVE NASOAI swore under penalty of perjury that the illegally
 obtained lap top should be searched because the laptop "was used
 as the means of committing a felony", is possessed by a person
 with the intent to use it as a means of committing a public
 offense..." and "tends to show that a felony has been committed or
 that a particular person has committed a felony."
- 73. These aforementioned acts warrant an award of Punitive
 Damages against Detective Nasori personally in an amount to deter
 future similar conduct.
- 74. PLAINTIFF WHEREUPON requests that this court exercise its pendant jurisdiction to adjudicate this state claim for punitive damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that this Court:

A. Issue a declaratory judgment that the customs, practices, policies, and acts described in this Complaint violate the Fourth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

- B. Grant permanent injunctive relief enjoining Defendants from enforcing laws in a discriminatory manner by targeting, harassing, and/or arresting men because they are perceived to desire, seek, and/or engage in non-monetary intimate association with members of the same sex;
- C. Restore the plaintiff's reputation in all mediums to the original state prior to this incident, including but not limited to removing all traces on the Internet of this incident as it is related to "Charles Samuel Couch," "Charles Couch," "Charles S. Couch," "Sam Couch," and all related search terms."
- D. Award Plaintiff reasonable compensatory damages against Defendants, jointly and severally, for violations of Federal Law as set forth above;
- E. Exercise its pendant jurisdiction to adjudicate this state claim for punitive damages and award such damages in an amount sufficient to deter future similar conduct.
- G. Award Plaintiff his costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988;
- H. And award such further relief as the court may deem just and proper.

Dated: October 1, 2013

Brue W. Nicherson

Bruce W. Nickerson Attorney for Plaintiff

-19-

Charles Samuel Couch							
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, are representing yourself, Bruce W. Mickenson, C.B.N. 52 231 Marror Drive San Carlos, Ca 94070 (650) 594-0195	provide same informa			Name, Address and Telepourself, provide same infor			
II. BASIS OF JURISDIC	TION (Place an X in o	ne box only.)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF PR	INCIPAL PARTIES For D	iversity Cases Only		
1. U.S. Government	3. Federal Qu Government	estion (U.S.	(Place an X in one box for plaintiff and one for defendant) PIF DEF Citizen of This State				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Government		itizen of Another State		nd Principal Place 5 5 5		
2. U.S. Government Defendant	4. Diversity (I of Parties in I	•	of Business in Another State of Business in Another State or Subject of a strength or Subject or Subject or Subject or Subject of a strength or Subject				
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X	in one box only.)				. Multi-		
	Removed from State Court	3. Remanded from Appellate Court	****	insferred from Another	District.		
V. REQUESTED IN COM	APLAINT: JURY DE	MAND: 🔯 Yes 🗌	No (Check "Yes" or	nly if demanded in com	plaint.)		
CLASS ACTION under	F.R.Cv.P. 23:	res ⊠No	MONEY DEMA	NDED IN COMPLAINT:	\$ 5,000,000.00		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION 42 U.S.C. 1983. False and Dis		e under which you are filin	g and write a brief statemer	nt of cause. Do not cite jurisdi	ctional statutes unless diversity.)		
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an X in one bo	ox only).					
OTHER STATUTES	CONTRACT	REAL PROPERTY CONT.	IMMIGRATION	PRISONER PETITIONS	PROPERTY RIGHTS		
375 False Claims Act	110 Insurance	240 Torts to Land	462 Naturalization Application	Habeas Corpus:	820 Copyrights		
400 State Reapportionment	☐ 120 Marine	245 Tort Product	-465-Other	453 Alien Detainee	830 Patent		
410 Antitrust	130 Miller Act	290 All Other Real	Immigration Actions	Zentence	840 Trademark		
430 Banks and Banking	140 Negotiable	Property:	PERSONAL PROPERTY	: 530 General : 535 Death Penalty	SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff)		
450-Commerce/ICC	150 Recovery of	PERSONAL PROPERTY	370 Other Fraud	Other:	862 Black Lung (923)		
Rates/Etc.	Enforcement of	310 Airplane	371 Truth in Lending	540 Mandamus/Other	863 DIWC/DIWW (405 (g))		
☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influ-	Judgment	315 Airplane Product Liability	380 Other Personal	550 CIVII Rights	1 864 551D Title XVI		
Corrupt Org.	151 Medicare Act	320 Assault, Libel &	Property Damage	555 Prison Condition	865 RSI (405 (g))		
480 Consumer Credit	152-Becomery of	Slander 330 Fed. Employers	385 Property Damage				
490 Cable/Sat TV	Defaulted Student	Liability	Product Liability BANKREPTCY	Conditions of Confinement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS		
850 Securities/Com-	153 Recovery of	340 Marine	422 Appeal 28	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)		
modifies/Exchange	Overpayment of	345 Marine Product	USC 158	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21.	871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609		
Actions Statutory	Vet. Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	USC 881	7003		
☐ 891 Agricultural Acts	Suits	355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	CIVIL RIGHTS	690 Other			
523 Environmental	T90 Other	360 Other Personal	440 Other Civil Rights				
Matters 895 Treedom of Info.	Contract	362 Personal Injury-	443 Voting	710 Fair Labor Standard	\$ F		
∐ Act	Product Elability	Med Malpratice	442 Employment	720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations			
396 Arbitration	196 Franchise	365 Personal Injury- Product Liability	443 Housing/ Accomodations	740 Railway Labor Act			
899 Admin Procedures	REAL PROPERTY	. 367 Health Care/	445 American with	75? Farrally and Medical			
Act/Review of Appeal of Agency Decision	210 Land	Pharmaceutical Fersonal Injury	Disabilities- Employment	Leave Act			
•	220 Foreclosure	Product Liability	446 American with Disabilities-Other	790 Other Labor Litigation			
950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	448 Education	791 Employee Ret. Inc. Security Act			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number: CV13-7554							
CV-71 (09/13)		ΦV	1L COVER SHEET		Page 1 of 3		

#4072 P.002 /004

10/08/2013 02:16

CV-71 (09/13)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

VIII. VENUE: Your answers to the questions below will determine the division of the Court to which this case will most likely be initially assigned. This initial assignment is subject to change, in accordance with the Court's General Orders, upon review by the Court of your Complaint or Notice of Removal.

Question A: Was this case removed fr state court?		STATE CASE WAS PENDING IN THE COUNTY OF: INITIAL DIVISION IN C				CDIS.			
	Yes X No Eos Angeles						Western		
if "no, "go to Question B. If "yes," check the box to the right that applies, enter the		emura, Santa Barbara, or San I	Luis Obisp	×		Western			
corresponding division in response to Question D, below, and skip to Section D)ran ge				Southern			
Question by below and ship to securit		Tverside or San Bernardino				Eastern .			
Question B: Is the United States, or one of its agencies or employees, a party to this action?		when states, or one or is agencies or employees, is a			remployees, is a party, is i	PATTIAL DIVISION IN			
Yes 🗵 No	The	Then check the box below for the county in		Then check the box below for the county in			CACD-IS:		
#"no," go to Coestion C. #"yes," check the		which the majority of DEFENDANTS reside:		which the majority of PEANTHYS reside.		s reside.	Western		
box to the right that applies, enter the corresponding division in response to		Ventura, Santa Barbara, or San Luis		Ventura , S anta Barbara, or San Luis		n Luis	Western		
Question D, below, and skip to Section ix		Obispo Orange		Obispo Orange			Southern		
	☐ R	Riverside or San Bernardino		F Riverside or San Bernandino			Exiterio		
:	- G	-Other		☐ Other		:	Western		
Question C: Location of philipsills, detending, and chinas?	A. os Angeles County:	Ventura, Santa Barbara, or Santuis Obispo Counties	Orange (County	D. Riverside or San Bernardino Counties		E, de the Central crof California	©ther	
indicate the location in which a majority of plaintiffs reside:	\boxtimes]					
indicate the location in which a majority of defendants reside:	\boxtimes	🛘							
indicate the location in which a	X	$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$							
C.1. Is either of the following true? If:	io, check th	ne one that applies:	C2. ls	either o	f the following true? If so	, check the	one that applies:		
2 or more answers in Column C			2 or more answers in Column D						
only 1 answer in Column C and no answers in Column D			only 1 answer in Column D and no answers in Column C						
Your case will initially be assigned to the SOUTHERN DIVISION. Enter "Southern" in response to Question D, below.				Your case will initially be assigned to the EASTERN DIVISION. Enter "Eastern" in response to Question D, below.					
If none-applies, answer o	HUESTON CZ	to the right.			H none applies; go	to the box	Delow. →		
		Your case will in \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ERN DIVI	SION:					
Question D: Initial Division?	1				INITIAL DIVI	SIONINCA	<u> </u>		
Enter the initial division determined by C	Luestion A.	B, or Cabove:			WESTERP				
			-	,-					

	CIVIL COVER SHEET		
IX(&). IDENTICAL CASES: Ha	is this action been previously filed in this court and dismissed, remanded or closed?	NO ⋅	T YES
if yes, list case number(s):			
IX(b). RELATED CASES: Have	any cases been previously filed in this court that are related to the present case?	⊠ NO	YES
If yes, list case number(s):			
Civil cases are deemed related i	fa previously filed case and the present case:		
(Check all boxes that apply)	A. Arise from the same or closely related transactions, happenings, or events; or		
	B. Call for determination of the same or substantially related or similar questions of law and fact	t; or	,
	C. For other reasons would entail substantial duplication of labor if heard by different judges; o	F	
	D. Involve the same patent, trademark or copyright, and one of the factors identified above in a	a, b or c also is pres	ent
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORNI (OR SELF-REPRESENTED LIT		October 9, 2	013

Notice to Counsel/Parties: The CV-71 (IS-44) Civil Cover Sheet and the Information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3-1 is not filed but is used by the Clerk of the Court for the purpose of statistics, venue and initiating the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions, see

Key to Statistical codes relating to Social Security Cases:

Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement of Cause of Action
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))
862	BL	All cialms for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969; (30.U.S.C. 923)
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C., 405 (g))
864	\$\$ID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security Act, as amended.
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))